

NextEra Energy Partners, LP

Fitch Ratings views positively the recent natural gas pipelines sale announcement by NextEra Energy Partners, LP (NEP) as it takes care of the convertible equity portfolio financing (CEPF) buyouts through 2025. There are three CEPF buyouts remaining post 2026. Fitch's current ratings and Outlook assume management will look to resolve 2026 and beyond CEPFs buyouts in a manner that is consistent with our 100% equity treatment of CEPFs. Fitch does not assume any CEPF buyouts are financed by the issuance of long-term holding company (holdco) debt.

NEP's ratings reflect relatively stable cash flows generated by a portfolio of long-term contracted wind, solar and natural gas pipeline assets and sponsor affiliation with NextEra Energy, Inc. (NextEra; A-/Stable). The ratings reflect the financial complexity and structural subordination of holdco debt resulting from limited recourse project debt financings, tax equity and CEPF structures deployed by the company across its project subsidiaries.

Key Rating Drivers

Asset Sales Resolve Near-Term CEPF Financing: Announced natural gas pipelines sales are eliminating equity issuances that would otherwise be required to complete CEPF buyouts planned for 2023 through 2025, a credit positive. Suspensions of the incentive distribution rights (IDR) fees, announced earlier this year should mostly replace the loss of cash available for distribution (CAFD) from the pipeline asset sale.

On Nov. 8, 2023, NEP entered into a definitive agreement to sell its Texas natural gas pipeline portfolio for \$1.815 billion to Kinder Morgan, Inc. (KMI; BBB/Stable). The sale is expected to close in 1H24. Net proceeds will be used to buy out \$1.1 billion remaining under the NEP Renewables II CEPF beyond 2023, and repay a portion of the revolver being used to finance some of the 2023 CEPFs buyouts.

Fitch expects the NEP pipelines CEPF buyout to be completed by 2025 with the proceeds from the sale of the Meade natural gas pipeline, as previously announced, resolving buyouts of all CEPFs outstanding through 2025. (STX Midstream, fully bought out in 2023, 2019 NEP Pipelines/Meade and NEP Renewables II).

Large Upcoming Refinancing: Fitch projects NEP's cash flows to come under pressure due to a large portion of the capital structure being refinanced in the near term at materially higher interest rates versus average fixed interest rates on current long-term debt of less than 3%. There is \$1.25 billion of holdco debt maturing within the next 12 months. The remaining \$2.2 billion of long-term holdco debt is maturing within the next three years.

In October 2023, given the change in market sentiment of higher interest rates for a longer period, NEP entered into a \$1.85 billion treasury rate lock at 4.3% to 4.5% intended to hedge \$1.85 billion of holdco debt maturities in 2024 and 2025.

Slower Growth, A Credit Positive: Following the dividend growth cut earlier this year, NEP is expected to continue to grow, although at a slower pace than before, a credit positive. Growth in the next couple of years will be supported by organic growth and acquisitions. NEP plans to repower the majority of its wind portfolio in future years, which is typically cheaper than new greenfield investments. NEP expects to continue to look to acquire wind, solar and storage assets from NextEra Energy Resources, the renewable subsidiary of NextEra, and other third parties.

On Sept. 27, 2023, NEP announced a unit growth rate reduction of 5%–8%, with a 6% target through at least 2026. Fitch viewed previous growth of 12%–15% as fairly aggressive compared with the growth rate targeted by peers. Reduction in the growth target was driven by tighter monetary policy and higher interest rates, affecting the financing needed to grow distributions at an aggressive rate.

At the same time, Fitch believes increasing leverage and refinancing costs in the next couple of years could put pressure on maintaining the current 6% dividend growth target, as payout is expected to approach 100% over the forecast period.

Leverage Headroom Reducing: Fitch expects holdco debt/parent only FFO to increase to around 4.9x through 2025–2026, in-line with the ratings, but higher than previously expected. Most of the capex/acquisitions are expected to be financed by holdco and nonrecourse project debt as management committed to not issuing any growth equity through 2026.

Ratings

NextEra Energy Partners, LP

Long-Term IDR BB+

Outlook

Long-Term IDR Stable

Nextera Energy Operating Partners, LP

Long-Term IDR BB+

Debt Rating

Senior Unsecured Debt – Long-Term Rating BB+

Outlook

Long-Term IDR Stable

[Click here for NextEra Energy Partners, LP's full ratings](#)

[Click here for NextEra Energy Operating Partners, LP's full ratings](#)

2035 Climate Vulnerability Score: 15

Applicable Criteria

[Corporate Rating Criteria \(November 2023\)](#)

[Corporates Recovery Ratings and Instrument Ratings Criteria \(October 2023\)](#)

[Parent and Subsidiary Linkage Rating Criteria \(June 2023\)](#)

[Corporate Hybrids Treatment and Notching Criteria \(November 2020\)](#)

Related Research

[Global Corporates Macro and Sector Forecasts](#)

[Fitch Affirms NextEra Energy Partners at 'BB+'; Outlook Stable \(December 2023\)](#)

[North American Utilities, Power & Gas Outlook 2024 \(December 2023\)](#)

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We assign 100% equity credit to CEPFs and assumed NEP would complete its remaining CEPF buyouts post 2025 with a combination of equity issuance and nonrecourse debt at the asset level to fund cash buyout portions, with no issuance of holdco level debt. Based on our calculations parent only FFO leverage stood at 3.9x in 2022. Management has a target of holdco debt/FFO at 4.0x–5.0x, which it managed in the last several years. We define parent only FFO as run-rate project distributions less holdco G&A expenses, fees for management service agreement, credit fees and holdco debt service costs.

Financial Flexibility Under Pressure: The increased use of CEPFs added financial complexity to the organizational structure and made NEP reliant on the stability of capital markets and strength of its unit price to execute the buyouts in a timely and cost-effective manner. Given recent pull back in the stock price, the buyback of CEPFs using equity is currently uneconomical. Following the natural gas pipeline sale and buyout of CEPFs through 2025, NEP will have a couple of years before it has to address the remaining CEPFs, which should provide room for the stock price to improve.

Absent material stock price improvement, Fitch would expect NEP to find other equity like sources of funding to buyout the remaining \$3.7 billion outstanding under three CEPFs post 2025. NEP has the ability to issue nonrecourse project debt to fund the investor buyout in cash, as a significant amount of assets in the CEPFs are unencumbered, doing so will negatively affect parent FFO and increase leverage. In the past several years NEP is increasingly reliant upon CEPF to finance its growth and, since 2018, entered into seven transactions with large institutional investors to raise around \$5.3 billion in total proceeds.

Sponsor Not Expected to Financially Support NEP: NEP benefited from its affiliation with NextEra, which is the largest renewable developer in the U.S. Fitch does not expect NextEra will provide any equity support to NEP for future CEPFs buyouts nor buy-ins of NEP, which would result in a material addition of debt on NextEra’s balance sheet. Fitch deconsolidates NEP from NextEra’s balance sheet and only includes the upstream dividend distribution from NEP in NextEra’s credit analysis. The off-credit treatment reflects Fitch’s assumption NextEra would walk away from NEP in the event of financial deterioration. As of Sept. 30, 2023, NextEra owns approximately 51.4% interest in NEP.

Contractual Cash Flows and Asset Diversity: We view favorably NEP’s portfolio of wind, solar and natural gas pipeline assets, which have long-term, off-taker arrangements with creditworthy counterparties and minimal exposure to either volumetric or commodity risks. The weighted average counterparty credit is ‘BBB’, based upon Fitch and other rating agencies’ ratings. As of Sept. 30, 2023, the renewable energy and pipeline projects had a total weighted average remaining contract term of around 14 years. The distributions NEP receives from its project subsidiaries are well diversified by fuel and geography.

The distributions are split as around 58% from wind assets, 21% from solar and 21% from natural gas pipeline assets based upon 2022 run-rate project-level CAFD. The high proportion of wind in NEP’s portfolio is of modest concern given intermittency of the wind resource. A wide geographic footprint of its wind portfolio mitigates NEP’s exposure somewhat.

In addition, the project debt for renewable projects is typically sized to yield a debt service coverage ratio (DSCR) greater than 1.2x and generate a low ‘BBB-’ or ‘BBB’ rating. The debt typically matures within the expiration date of the long-term contracts on any project. Most recent DSCRs provided to Fitch by NEP indicate that all projects with limited recourse project debt financings are performing well in excess of DSCRs thresholds.

Financial Summary

| (\$ mil.) | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|---------------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Gross revenue | 855 | 917 | 982 | 1,211 |
| EBITDA | 564 | 627 | 639 | 770 |
| CFO (Fitch-defined) | 325 | 658 | 677 | 776 |
| Capital intensity (capex/revenue) (%) | 10.9 | 36.4 | 11.5 | 111.6 |
| Debt | 4,291 | 3,438 | 5,378 | 5,339 |
| FFO fixed-charge coverage (x) | 1.5 | 2.0 | -12.9 | 5.2 |
| FFO leverage (x) | 4.0 | 2.7 | 8.8 | 5.7 |
| EBITDA leverage (x) | 7.9 | 4.8 | 8.1 | 6.9 |

Source: Fitch Ratings, Fitch Solutions

Rating Derivation Relative to Peers

Fitch views NEP’s ratings to be positively positioned compared with those of Atlantica Sustainable Infrastructure Plc (Atlantica; BB+/Stable) due to favorable geographic exposure, long-term contractual cash flows with minimal regulatory risk, and association with a strong sponsor. These factors are partially offset by NEP’s relative higher leverage, aggressive distribution growth strategy and weaker asset composition owing to a larger concentration of wind assets.

NEP, similar to peer Terraform Power Operating, LLC (TERPO; BB-/Stable), has parent support. Although NEP has been supported by NextEra in terms of asset dropdowns that were needed to drive aggressive growth targets, and recent IDR suspension, Fitch does not expect NextEra to support any funding needs or CEPF buyouts. TERPO benefits from having Brookfield Corporation (A-/Stable) as a sponsor. Algonquin Power & Utilities Corp. (BBB/Stable) has 43% ownership interest in Atlantica but has announced its intention to move to a pure-play regulated businesses.

Atlantica’s portfolio benefits from a large proportion of solar generation assets that exhibit less resource variability. In comparison NEP’s portfolio consists of a larger exposure to wind MWs. TERPO’s utility scale portfolio consists of 43% solar and 57% wind. NEP’s concentration in wind is mitigated to a certain extent by its diverse geographic footprint. Fitch views NEP’s geographic exposure in the U.S. (100%) favorably compared with TERPO’s (68%) and Atlantica’s (30%). NEP’s long-term contracted fleet has a remaining contracted life of 14 years, higher than Atlantica’s 13 years and TERPO’s 11 years.

NEP's forecast credit metrics are stronger than TERPO's but weaker than Atlantica's. Fitch forecasts NEP's holdco debt/parent only FFO will increase to 4.9x through 2025 compared with around 5.0x for TERPO and below 4.0x for Atlantica. Fitch rates NEP, Atlantica and TERPO based on a deconsolidated approach since their portfolio comprises assets financed using non-recourse project debt or with tax equity. NEP's financing model is more complex as it also involves CEPF.

Rating Sensitivities

Factors that Could, Individually or Collectively, Lead to Positive Rating Action/Upgrade

- The structural subordination of the holdco debt to the nonrecourse project debt, tax equity and CEPFs, and management's 4.0x-5.0x target holdco leverage caps the rating at 'BB+'.

Factors that Could, Individually or Collectively, Lead to Negative Rating Action/Downgrade

- Higher than expected reliance on debt to fund the buyout of investors in CEPFs.
- Holdco FFO leverage exceeding 5.0x on a sustainable basis.
- Distribution payout approaching or exceeding 100%.
- Material underperformance in underlying assets lending variability or shortfall to expected cash flow for debt service.
- Growth strategy underpinned by aggressive acquisitions, addition of assets in the portfolio that bear material volumetric, commodity or interest rate risks.

Liquidity and Debt Structure

Adequate Liquidity: NEP has a \$2.5 billion revolving credit facility that matures in February 2028. The credit facility provides for up to \$400 million of LOC borrowing capacity. NEP has an accordion in its revolving facility up to a total commitment size of \$2.0 billion. The facility provides flexibility for NEP to finance acquisitions partly through revolver borrowings. NEP had \$545 million outstanding issuance under its revolving credit facility as of Sept. 30, 2023. The holdco debt at NEP is subordinate to project debt, tax equity and CEPF structures. As of Sept. 30, 2023, there is about \$2.6 billion of nonrecourse project finance debt at NEP's owned projects. About \$1.2 billion is at the natural gas pipeline projects that NEP is in the process to sell.

ESG Considerations

The highest level of ESG credit relevance is a score of '3', unless otherwise disclosed in this section. A score of '3' means ESG issues are credit-neutral or have only a minimal credit impact on the entity, either due to their nature or the way in which they are being managed by the entity. Fitch's ESG Relevance Scores are not inputs in the rating process; they are an observation on the relevance and materiality of ESG factors in the rating decision. For more information on Fitch's ESG Relevance Scores, visit <https://www.fitchratings.com/topics/esg/products#esg-relevance-scores>.

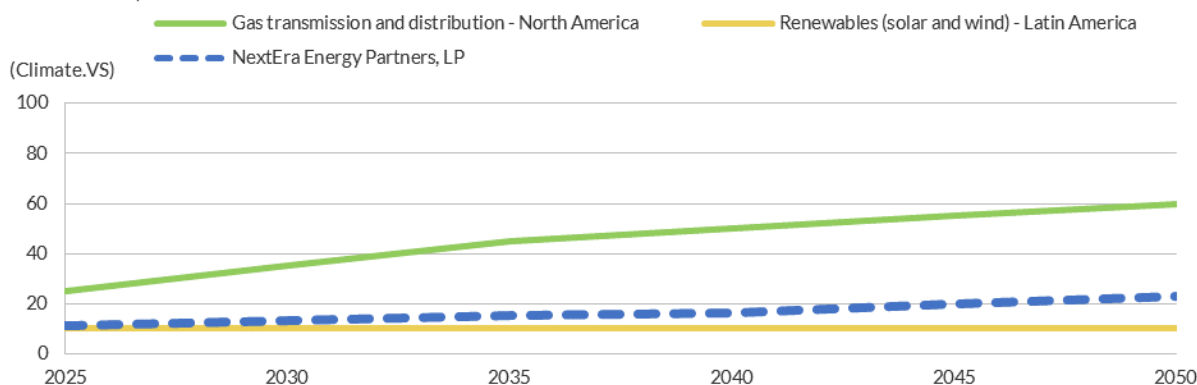
Climate Vulnerability Considerations

Fitch uses Climate Vulnerability Signals (Climate.VS) as a screening tool to identify sectors and Fitch-rated issuers that are potentially most exposed to credit-relevant climate transition risks and, therefore, require additional consideration of these risks in rating reviews. Climate.VS range from 0 (lowest risk) to 100 (highest risk). For more information on Climate.VS, see Fitch's [Corporate Rating Criteria](#).

The 2022 asset-weighted Climate.VS for NEP is 15 out of 100 in the long term, suggesting low exposure to climate-related risks in that year. The signal reflects the company's operations as a predominately renewable power generator in the U.S. with a limited exposure to fossil fuels through ownership of a gas pipeline business. We believe the Climate.VS do not have material influence on NEP's ratings. For further information on how Fitch perceives climate-related risks in the utilities sector, see our [Utilities - Long-Term Climate Vulnerability Signals Update](#) report.

Climate.VS Evolution

As of Dec. 31, 2022



Source: FitchRatings

Liquidity and Debt Maturities

Liquidity Analysis

| (\$ mil.) | 12/31/21 | 12/31/22 |
|--|------------|--------------|
| Total cash and cash equivalents | 147 | 235 |
| Short-term investments | 0 | 0 |
| Less not readily available cash and cash equivalents | — | — |
| Fitch-defined readily available cash and cash equivalents | 147 | 235 |
| Availability under committed lines of credit | 579 | 2,382 |
| Total liquidity | 726 | 2,617 |
| LTM EBITDA after associates and minorities | 660 | 773 |
| LTM FCF | -55 | -1,211 |

Source: Fitch Ratings, Fitch Solutions, NextEra Energy Partners, LP

Debt Maturities

| (\$ mil.) | 9/30/23 |
|--------------|--------------|
| 4Q23 | 17 |
| 2024 | 1,726 |
| 2025 | 713 |
| 2026 | 2,047 |
| 2027 | 626 |
| Thereafter | 1,402 |
| Total | 6,531 |

Source: Fitch Ratings, Fitch Solutions, NextEra Energy Partners, LP

Key Assumptions

Fitch's Key Assumptions Within Our Rating Case for the Issuer Includes

- Buyout of STX Midstream, NEP Renewables II and NEP Pipelines with proceeds from STX and Meade pipelines sales.
- Acquisition of operational and contracted assets over 2023–2025 to meet 6% distribution per unit growth.
- Acquisition CAFD toward the lower end of 8%–10%.
- Acquisitions and repowering funded with nonrecourse and holdco debt.
- Interest expense rate on new and refinanced holdco debt around 7.0%.
- None of the project debt treated on-credit, which includes Fitch's assumption of future project debt issuances.
- No CEPF nor growth equity issuance beyond 2023 over the forecast period.

Financial Data

| (\$ mil.) | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Summary income statement | | | | |
| Gross revenue | 855 | 917 | 982 | 1,211 |
| Revenue growth (%) | 10.9 | 7.3 | 7.1 | 23.3 |
| EBITDA before income from associates | 564 | 627 | 639 | 770 |
| EBITDA margin (%) | 66.0 | 68.4 | 65.1 | 63.6 |
| EBITDA after associates and minorities | 541 | 712 | 660 | 773 |
| EBITDAR | 574 | 630 | 639 | 770 |
| EBITDAR margin (%) | 67.1 | 68.7 | 65.1 | 63.6 |
| EBIT | 233 | 253 | 234 | 197 |
| EBIT margin (%) | 27.3 | 27.6 | 23.8 | 16.3 |
| Gross interest expense | -702 | -620 | — | 853 |
| Pretax income including associate income/loss | -430 | -257 | 472 | 1,292 |
| Summary balance sheet | | | | |
| Readily available cash and equivalents | 128 | 108 | 147 | 235 |
| Debt | 4,291 | 3,438 | 5,378 | 5,339 |

| (\$ mil.) | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|---|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Lease-adjusted debt | 4,371 | 3,462 | 5,378 | 5,339 |
| Net debt | 4,163 | 3,330 | 5,231 | 5,104 |
| Summary cash flow statement | | | | |
| EBITDA | 564 | 627 | 639 | 770 |
| Cash interest paid | -702 | -620 | 47 | -181 |
| Cash tax | -1 | -6 | -2 | — |
| Dividends received less dividends paid to minorities (inflow/outflow) | -23 | 85 | 21 | 3 |
| Other items before FFO | 531 | 574 | -50 | 166 |
| FFO | 348 | 653 | 702 | 758 |
| FFO margin (%) | 40.7 | 71.2 | 71.5 | 62.6 |
| Change in working capital | -23 | 5 | -25 | 18 |
| CFO (Fitch-defined) | 325 | 658 | 677 | 776 |
| Total non-operating/nonrecurring cash flow | — | — | — | — |
| Capex | -93 | -334 | -113 | -1,351 |
| Capital intensity (capex/revenue) (%) | 10.9 | 36.4 | 11.5 | 111.6 |
| Common dividends | -362 | -442 | -619 | -636 |
| FCF | -130 | -118 | -55 | -1,211 |
| FCF margin (%) | -15.2 | -12.9 | -5.6 | -100.0 |
| Net acquisitions and divestitures | -2,322 | -378 | -2,352 | -785 |
| Other investing and financing cash flow items | 1,814 | 936 | 673 | 1,974 |
| Net debt proceeds | 588 | -471 | 1,721 | -39 |
| Net equity proceeds | 16 | 11 | 52 | 149 |
| Total change in cash | -34 | -20 | 39 | 88 |
| Leverage ratios (x) | | | | |
| EBITDA leverage | 7.9 | 4.8 | 8.1 | 6.9 |
| EBITDA net leverage | 7.7 | 4.7 | 7.9 | 6.6 |
| EBITDAR leverage | 7.9 | 4.8 | 8.1 | 6.9 |
| EBITDAR net leverage | 7.7 | 4.7 | 7.9 | 6.6 |
| EBITDAR net fixed-charge coverage | 0.8 | 1.1 | -7.0 | 4.3 |
| FFO adjusted leverage | 4.0 | 2.7 | 8.8 | 5.7 |
| FFO adjusted net leverage | 3.9 | 2.6 | 8.6 | 5.4 |
| FFO leverage | 4.0 | 2.7 | 8.8 | 5.7 |
| FFO net leverage | 3.9 | 2.6 | 8.6 | 5.4 |
| Calculations for forecast publication | | | | |
| Capex, dividends, acquisitions and other items before FCF | -2,777 | -1,154 | -3,084 | -2,772 |
| FCF after acquisitions and divestitures | -2,452 | -496 | -2,407 | -1,996 |
| FCF margin after net acquisitions (%) | -286.8 | -54.1 | -245.1 | -164.8 |
| Coverage ratios (x) | | | | |
| FFO interest coverage | 1.5 | 2.0 | -12.9 | 5.2 |
| FFO fixed-charge coverage | 1.5 | 2.0 | -12.9 | 5.2 |
| EBITDAR fixed-charge coverage | 0.8 | 1.1 | -14.0 | 4.3 |
| EBITDA interest coverage | 0.8 | 1.1 | -14.0 | 4.3 |
| Additional metrics (%) | | | | |
| CFO-capex/debt | 5.4 | 9.4 | 10.5 | -10.8 |
| CFO-capex/net debt | 5.6 | 9.7 | 10.8 | -11.3 |
| CFO/capex | 349.5 | 197.0 | 599.1 | 57.4 |
| CFO – Cash flow from operations | | | | |
| Source: Fitch Ratings, Fitch Solutions | | | | |

Ratings Navigator

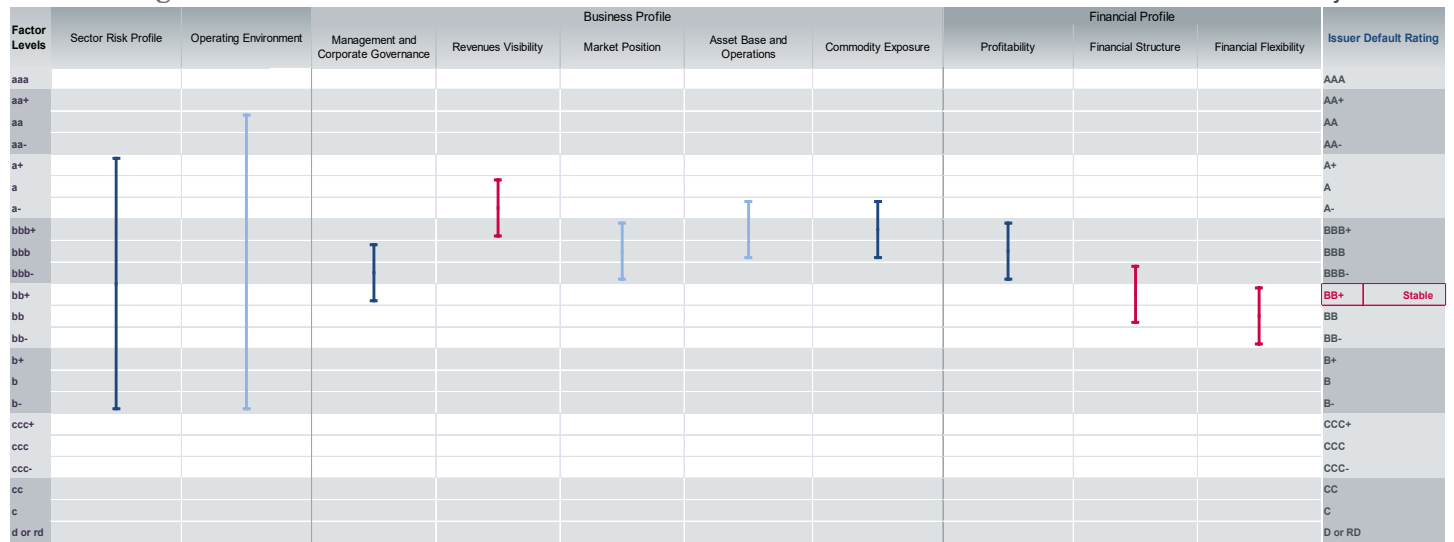
FitchRatings

NextEra Energy Partners, LP

ESG Relevance:



Corporates Ratings Navigator
Global Electricity Generation



Bar Chart Legend:

| | |
|---|--|
| Vertical Bars = Range of Rating Factor | Bar Arrows = Rating Factor Outlook |
| Bar Colors = Relative Importance | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ↑ Positive ↓ Negative ↕ Evolving □ Stable |
| <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Higher Importance Average Importance Lower Importance | |

| Operating Environment | | | Management and Corporate Governance | | | | | | | |
|---------------------------|--|------|--|--|-----------------------------------|--------|---|----|--------|---|
| aa+ | Economic Environment | aa | Very strong combination of countries where economic value is created and where assets are located. | bbb+ | Management Strategy | bb | Strategy generally coherent but some evidence of weak implementation. | | | |
| aa | Financial Access | aa | Very strong combination of issuer specific funding characteristics and of the strength of the relevant local financial market. | bbb | Governance Structure | bbb | Good CG track record but effectiveness/independence of board less obvious. No evidence of abuse of power even with ownership concentration. | | | |
| | Systemic Governance | aa | Systemic governance (eg rule of law, corruption, government effectiveness) of the issuer's country of incorporation consistent with 'aa'. | bbb- | Group Structure | bbb | Some group complexity leading to somewhat less transparent accounting statements. No significant related-party transactions. | | | |
| b- | | | | bb+ | Financial Transparency | bbb | Good quality reporting without significant failing. Consistent with the average of listed companies in major exchanges. | | | |
| ccc+ | | | | bb | | | | | | |
| Revenues Visibility | | | Market Position | | | | | | | |
| a+ | Contracted Position | a | Balanced position under long term PPAs or incentives (typically more than 7 year average remaining life). | a- | Supply/Demand Dynamics | bbb | Moderately favorable outlook for prices. Balanced reserve margin with capacity addition pace matching demand growth. Supply/Demand balance aided by regulatory system mechanisms. | | | |
| a | Contract Renewal Risk | bbb | Likely re-contracting prospects with similar to potentially moderately worse contractual terms. | bbb+ | Competitive Position | bbb | Efficient generation with recurrent merit dispatch. | | | |
| a- | System / Capacity Payments | a | Well established and transparent market pricing structure with minimal political interference providing long-term price visibility for power generators. | bbb | Relative Size and Scale | bbb | Large scale operations with diverse generation asset base or company supplies more than 20% of electricity to the systems where it operates or strong competitive position in a localized market. | | | |
| bbb+ | Degree of Supply Integration | n.a. | | bbb- | | | | | | |
| bbb | Resource Predictability | a | Highly stable and predictable capacity factor. | bb+ | | | | | | |
| Asset Base and Operations | | | Commodity Exposure | | | | | | | |
| a | Asset Quality and Diversity | bbb | Good single asset quality or partial diversification by geography and/or generation source. | a | Counterparty Risk | bbb | Diversified, medium counterparty risk or weighted average credit quality of actual and potential off-takers is in line with 'BBB' rating. Single 'BBB' rated off-taker under well-structured PPA. | | | |
| a- | Exposure to Environmental Regulations | bbb | Limited or manageable exposure to environmental regulations. Balanced generation between clean and thermal sources, medium carbon exposure. | a- | Costs Pass-Through and Supply Mix | bbb | Limited exposure to changes in commodity costs with ability to pass cost changes to end users. Low variable costs and moderate flexibility/certain of supply. | | | |
| bbb+ | Capital and Technological Intensity of Capex | a | Low levels of reinvestment requirements. | bbb+ | Hedging Strategy | a | Strong portfolio/cash flow smoothing effects from extensive contractual hedges. | | | |
| bbb | | | | bbb | | | | | | |
| bbb- | | | | bbb- | | | | | | |
| Profitability | | | Financial Structure | | | | | | | |
| a- | Free Cash Flow | a | Structurally neutral to positive FCF across the investment cycle. | bbb | EBITDA Leverage | | n.a. | | | |
| bbb+ | Cash Flow Predictability | bbb | Stability and predictability cash flow in line with peers. | bbb- | FFO Leverage | bb | 5.0x | | | |
| bbb | | | | bb+ | FFO Net Leverage | bb | 4.5x | | | |
| bbb- | | | | bb | | | | | | |
| bb+ | | | | bb- | | | | | | |
| Financial Flexibility | | | Credit-Relevant ESG Derivation | | | | | | | |
| bbb- | Financial Discipline | bb | Financial policies in place but flexibility in applying them could lead to temporarily exceeding downgrade guidelines. | <p>NextEra Energy Partners, LP has 11 ESG potential rating drivers</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Fuel use to generate energy and serve load Impact of waste from operations Plants' and networks' exposure to extreme weather Product affordability and access Quality and safety of products and services; data security Impact of labor negotiations and employee (dis)satisfaction <p>Showing top 6 issues</p> | | | Overall ESG | | | |
| bb+ | Liquidity | bb | Liquidity ratio around 1.0x. Less smooth debt maturity or concentrated funding. | | | | key driver | 0 | issues | 5 |
| bb | FFO Interest Coverage | bb | 3.5x | | | | driver | 0 | issues | 4 |
| bb- | DSCR | | | | | | potential driver | 11 | issues | 3 |
| b+ | FX Exposure | | | | | | not a rating driver | 1 | issues | 2 |
| | | | | | 2 | issues | 1 | | | |

How to Read This Page: The left column shows the three-notch band assessment for the overall Factor, illustrated by a bar. The right column breaks down the Factor into Sub-Factors, with a description appropriate for each Sub-Factor and its corresponding category.

Credit-Relevant ESG Derivation

NextEra Energy Partners, LP has 11 ESG potential rating drivers

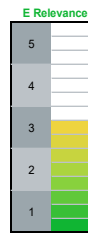
- NextEra Energy Partners, LP has exposure to energy productivity risk but this has very low impact on the rating.
- NextEra Energy Partners, LP has exposure to waste & impact management risk but this has very low impact on the rating.
- NextEra Energy Partners, LP has exposure to extreme weather events but this has very low impact on the rating.
- NextEra Energy Partners, LP has exposure to access/affordability risk but this has very low impact on the rating.
- NextEra Energy Partners, LP has exposure to customer accountability risk but this has very low impact on the rating.
- NextEra Energy Partners, LP has exposure to labor relations & practices risk but this has very low impact on the rating.

Showing top 6 issues

| | | | ESG Relevance to Credit Rating | |
|---------------------|----|--------|--------------------------------|--|
| key driver | 0 | issues | 5 | |
| driver | 0 | issues | 4 | |
| potential driver | 11 | issues | 3 | |
| not a rating driver | 1 | issues | 2 | |
| | 2 | issues | 1 | |

Environmental (E) Relevance Scores

| General Issues | E Score | Sector-Specific Issues | Reference |
|--|---------|--|---|
| GHG Emissions & Air Quality | 1 | Emissions from operations | Asset Base and Operations |
| Energy Management | 3 | Fuel use to generate energy and serve load | Asset Base and Operations; Counterparty and Commodity Exposure; Profitability |
| Water & Wastewater Management | 1 | Water used by hydro plants or by other generation plants, also effluent management | Asset Base and Operations; Profitability |
| Waste & Hazardous Materials Management; Ecological Impacts | 3 | Impact of waste from operations | Asset Base and Operations; Profitability |
| Exposure to Environmental Impacts | 3 | Plants' and networks' exposure to extreme weather | Asset Base and Operations; Profitability |



How to Read This Page

ESG relevance scores range from 1 to 5 based on a 15-level color gradation. Red (5) is most relevant to the credit rating and green (1) is least relevant.

The Environmental (E), Social (S) and Governance (G) tables break out the ESG general issues and the sector-specific issues that are most relevant to each industry group. Relevance scores are assigned to each sector-specific issue, signaling the credit-relevance of the sector-specific issues to the issuer's overall credit rating. The Criteria Reference column highlights the factor(s) within which the corresponding ESG issues are captured in Fitch's credit analysis. The vertical color bars are visualizations of the frequency of occurrence of the highest constituent relevance scores. They do not represent an aggregate of the relevance scores or aggregate ESG credit relevance.

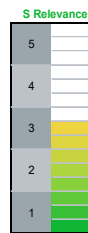
The Credit-Relevant ESG Derivation table's far right column is a visualization of the frequency of occurrence of the highest ESG relevance scores across the combined E, S and G categories. The three columns to the left of ESG Relevance to Credit Rating summarize rating relevance and impact to credit from ESG issues.

The box on the far left identifies any ESG Relevance Sub-factor issues that are drivers or potential drivers of the issuer's credit rating (corresponding with scores of 3, 4 or 5) and provides a brief explanation for the relevance scores. All scores of '4' and '5' are assumed to reflect a negative impact unless indicated with a '+' sign for positive impact.

Classification of ESG issues has been developed from Fitch's sector ratings criteria. The General Issues and Sector-Specific Issues draw on the classification standards published by the United Nations Principles for Responsible Investing (PRI), the Sustainability Accounting Standards Board (SASB), and the World Bank.

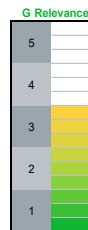
Social (S) Relevance Scores

| General Issues | S Score | Sector-Specific Issues | Reference |
|--|---------|---|--|
| Human Rights, Community Relations, Access & Affordability | 3 | Product affordability and access | Asset Base and Operations; Revenues Predictability; Profitability |
| Customer Welfare - Fair Messaging, Privacy & Data Security | 3 | Quality and safety of products and services; data security | Asset Base and Operations |
| Labor Relations & Practices | 3 | Impact of labor negotiations and employee (dis)satisfaction | Asset Base and Operations; Profitability |
| Employee Wellbeing | 2 | Worker safety and accident prevention | Asset Base and Operations |
| Exposure to Social Impacts | 3 | Social resistance to major projects that leads to delays and cost increases | Asset Base and Operations; Revenues Predictability; Profitability; Financial Structure |



Governance (G) Relevance Scores

| General Issues | G Score | Sector-Specific Issues | Reference |
|------------------------|---------|---|--|
| Management Strategy | 3 | Strategy development and implementation | Management and Corporate Governance; Financial Structure |
| Governance Structure | 3 | Board independence and effectiveness; ownership concentration | Management and Corporate Governance |
| Group Structure | 3 | Complexity, transparency and related-party transactions | Management and Corporate Governance; Counterparty and Commodity Exposure |
| Financial Transparency | 3 | Quality and timing of financial disclosure | Management and Corporate Governance |



CREDIT-RELEVANT ESG SCALE

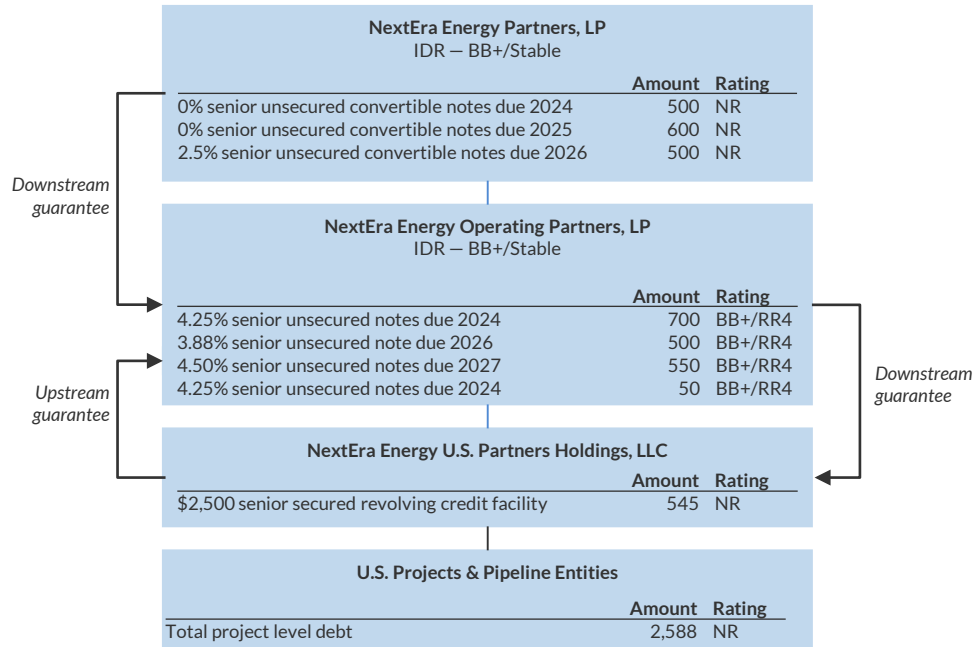
How relevant are E, S and G issues to the overall credit rating?

| | |
|---|---|
| 5 | Highly relevant, a key rating driver that has a significant impact on the rating on an individual basis. Equivalent to "higher" relative importance within Navigator. |
| 4 | Relevant to rating, not a key rating driver but has an impact on the rating in combination with other factors. Equivalent to "moderate" relative importance within Navigator. |
| 3 | Minimally relevant to rating, either very low impact or actively managed in a way that results in no impact on the entity rating. Equivalent to "lower" relative importance within Navigator. |
| 2 | Irrelevant to the entity rating but relevant to the sector. |
| 1 | Irrelevant to the entity rating and irrelevant to the sector. |

Simplified Group Structure Diagram

Organizational Structure

\$ mil., as of Sept. 30, 2023



IDR – Issuer Default Rating. NR – Not rated. RR – Recovery Rating.
Source: Fitch Ratings, Fitch Solutions, NextEra Energy Partners, LP.

Peer Financial Summary

| Company | Issuer Default Rating | Financial statement date | Gross revenue (\$ mil.) | FFO (\$ mil.) | FFO interest coverage (x) | FFO leverage (x) | EBITDA leverage (x) |
|--|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|---------------|---------------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| NextEra Energy Partners, LP | BB+ | | | | | | |
| | BB+ | 2022 | 1,211 | 758 | 5.2 | 5.7 | 6.9 |
| | BB+ | 2021 | 982 | 702 | -12.9 | 8.8 | 8.1 |
| | BB+ | 2020 | 917 | 653 | 2.0 | 2.7 | 4.8 |
| Atlantica Sustainable Infrastructure Plc | BB+ | | | | | | |
| | BB+ | 2022 | 1,102 | 468 | 2.7 | 7.6 | 7.8 |
| | BB+ | 2021 | 1,212 | 450 | 2.5 | 8.2 | 7.9 |
| | BB | 2020 | 1,013 | 430 | 2.5 | 8.9 | 8.2 |

Source: Fitch Ratings, Fitch Solutions

Fitch Adjusted Financials

| (\$ mil., as of Dec. 31, 2022) | Notes and formulas | Standardized values | Fair value and other debt adjustments | Other adjustments | Sum of adjustments | Adjusted values |
|--|--------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| Income statement summary | | | | | | |
| Revenue | | 1,211 | — | — | — | 1,211 |
| EBITDA | (a) | 770 | — | — | — | 770 |
| Depreciation and amortization | | -573 | — | — | — | -573 |
| EBIT | | 197 | — | — | — | 197 |
| Balance sheet summary | | | | | | |
| Debt | (b) | 5,288 | 51 | — | — | 5,339 |
| Of which other off-balance-sheet debt | | — | — | — | — | — |
| Lease-equivalent debt | | — | — | — | — | — |
| Lease-adjusted debt | | 5,288 | 51 | — | — | 5,339 |
| Readily available cash and equivalents | (c) | 235 | — | — | — | 235 |
| Not readily available cash and equivalents | | — | — | — | — | — |
| Cash flow summary | | | | | | |
| EBITDA | (a) | 770 | — | — | — | 770 |
| Dividends received from associates less dividends paid to minorities | (d) | 3 | — | — | — | 3 |
| Interest paid | (e) | -154 | — | -27 | -27 | -181 |
| Interest received | (f) | — | — | — | — | — |
| Preferred dividends paid | (g) | — | — | — | — | — |
| Cash tax paid | | — | — | — | — | — |
| Other items before FFO | | 139 | — | 27 | 27 | 166 |
| FFO | (h) | 758 | — | — | — | 758 |
| Change in working capital | | 18 | — | — | — | 18 |
| CFO | (i) | 776 | — | — | — | 776 |
| Non-operating/nonrecurring cash flow | | — | — | — | — | — |
| Capex | (j) | -1,351 | — | — | — | -1,351 |
| Common dividends paid | | -636 | — | — | — | -636 |
| FCF | | -1,211 | — | — | — | -1,211 |
| Gross leverage (x) | | | | | | |
| EBITDA leverage | b / (a+d) | 6.9 | — | — | — | 6.9 |
| FFO leverage | b / (h-e-f-g) | 5.9 | — | — | — | 5.7 |
| (CFO-capex)/debt (%) | (i+j) / b | -10.8 | — | — | — | -10.8 |
| Net leverage (x) | | | | | | |
| EBITDA net leverage | (b-c) / (a+d) | 6.6 | — | — | — | 6.6 |
| FFO net leverage | (b-c) / (h-e-f-g) | 5.6 | — | — | — | 5.4 |
| (CFO-capex)/net debt (%) | (i+j) / (b-c) | -11.3 | — | — | — | -11.3 |
| Coverage (x) | | | | | | |
| EBITDA interest coverage | (a+d) / (-e) | 5.0 | — | — | — | 4.3 |
| FFO interest coverage | (h-e-f-g) / (-e-g) | 5.9 | — | — | — | 5.2 |

CFO – Cash flow from operations. Note: The standardized items presented above are based on Fitch's taxonomy for the given sector and region. Reported items may not match the Fitch taxonomy but they are captured into corresponding lines accordingly. Debt includes other off-balance-sheet debt.

Source: Fitch Ratings, Fitch Solutions, NextEra Energy Partners, LP

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